VERSION IS DECIDED ON

Lincoln's Gettysburg Address
for National Cemeteries.

BRONZE AND IRON TABLETS

Manuscript as Corrected by Martyr
President Is Adopted.

LONG CONTROVERSY SETTLED

Son of Kansas Jayhawk Defended
Father's Right to Revise and Ad-
vertize Venetian Glass.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1898.

President Lincoln's famous Gettysburg address, delivered fourteen years ago, is to be prepared in enduring bronze and iron tablets in the United States, according to the decision of the National Cemetery Association. The long-contested question of placing a monument of a national military park in Gettysburg was decided by the President of the United States, who, in a letter addressed to General Grant, December 5, 1869, said: "I agree to the proposition of the National Cemetery Association that a monument be erected in the city of Gettysburg. It is proposed to have the monument consist of bronze and iron tablets, the bronze part to be the Gettysburg Address and the iron part to be a copy of the famous letter to General Grant." The President's letter was read in the Senate Chamber on March 7, 1898, and the question was decided by a vote of 34 to 24. The bronze and iron tablets are to be cast by the U.S. Government, and the cost of the monument is to be borne by the National Cemetery Association.

The tablets are to be inscribed with the Gettysburg Address and the letter to General Grant. The address is to be inscribed in bronze, and the letter in iron. The bronze part of the monument is to be placed in the center of a platform, and the iron part to be placed in the front of the platform. The platform is to be of marble, and the cost of the entire monument is to be borne by the National Cemetery Association.

Controversy Over Venetian Glass

A controversy over Venetian glass has been settled, according to the President. The President has decided that the famous Venetian glass, which was presented to the United States by the Senate in 1897, shall be kept in the possession of the Senate. The glass is to be kept in a case in the Senate Chamber, and the case is to be locked when not in use. The cost of the glass was $2,500.

The President has also decided that the famous Venetian glass, which was presented to the United States by the Senate in 1897, shall be kept in the possession of the Senate. The glass is to be kept in a case in the Senate Chamber, and the case is to be locked when not in use. The cost of the glass was $2,500.

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